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AUGEO CLEAN MULTI

Ekokoza s.r.o. S.A. declares that Augeo Clean Multi is obtained from the acetalization reaction of glycerin.

In the context of European Regulation N°1223/2009 of 30 November 2009 as amended on cosmetic products, rules

are established in order to achieve an internal market for cosmetic products while ensuring a high level of protection

of human health. In consequence cosmetic products have to be safe under normal or reasonably foreseeable

conditions of use. According to Article 14 cosmetic products shall not contain restricted substances which are not

used in accordance with the restrictions laid down in Annex III to this regulation. Furthermore certain substances

have been identified as likely to cause allergic reactions and it will be necessary to restrict their use and/or impose

certain conditions concerning them. In order to ensure that consumers are adequately informed, the presence of

these allergenic substances should be mentioned in the list of ingredients. Moreover according to Article 19 on

labeling the presence of substances, the mention of which is required under the column 'Other' in Annex III, shall be

indicated in the list of ingredients in addition to the terms parfum or aroma.

Annexes of the Regulation:

× Annex II presents a list of substances prohibited in cosmetic products.

× Annex III presents a list of substances which cosmetic products must not contain except subject to the

restrictions laid down.

× Annex IV presents a list of colorants allowed in cosmetic products.

× Annex V presents a list of preservatives allowed in cosmetic products.

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AUGEO CLEAN MULTI

× Annex VI presents a list of UV filters allowed in cosmetic products.

None of the fragrance allergens which are assigned reference numbers 67 to 92 as listed in Annex III to this regulation are added intentionally during the manufacturing process of Augeo Clean Multi. Based on our knowledge of the raw materials and the manufacturing process, we have no reason to expect any of these substances to be present in the final product or to be formed either during the manufacture or under normal handling, storage and use conditions. Therefore the presence of these substances is not expected in this context.

AUGEO CLEAN MULTI - REGULATION (EC) 1223/2009

Above statement is valid for **AUGEO CLEAN MULTI** manufactured in Brazil Information given above corresponds to the current status of our knowledge (July, 2020)

LEGAL STATEMENT

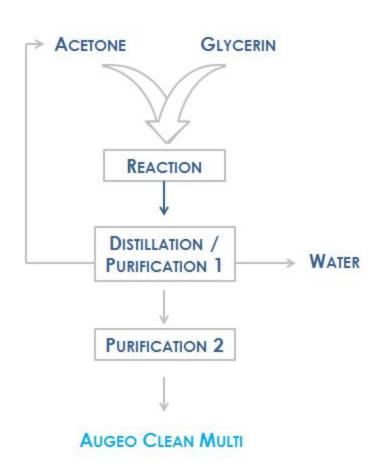
The above information is provided for our customers only (and we accept no liability to any third parties) and reflects our current knowledge and experience of the product. All products are supplied in accordance with our general terms and conditions for sale. We can accept no liability for the effects of any chemical combinations or mixtures of the product which are carried out by our customers or third parties. In using

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Ekokoza s.r.o. declares that **AUGEO CLEAN MULTI** is obtained from the acetalization reaction of glycerin. **AUGEO CLEAN MULTI Process** flow chart:



AUGEO CLEAN MULTI - FLOW CHART

Above statement is valid for **AUGEO CLEAN MULTI** manufactured in Brazil Information given above corresponds to the current status of our knowledge (November, 2018)

LEGAL STATEMENT

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BR/GMO

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AUGEO CLEAN MULTI

Ekokoza s.r.o. declares that Augeo Clean Multi is obtained from the acetalization reaction of glycerin.

Regulations N° 1829/2003 and N°1830/2003 on genetically modified food and feed, provides the basis for ensuring a

high level of protection of human life and health, animal health and welfare, environment and consumer interests in

relation to genetically modified food and feed, whilst ensuring the effective functioning of the internal market.

On the basis of Directive 2001/18 / EC and the Regulations mentioned above, GMOs & food products derived from

GMOs are subject to traceability and labeling requirements. These requirements do not apply to food & feed

containing GMOs in a proportion no higher than 0.9% of the food/feed ingredients considered individually and if the

presence is adventitious or technically avoidable.

Augeo Clean Multi is derived from glycerin of vegetable origin and according to information received from the raw

material suppliers, glycerin can be originated from genetically modified soybean.

Glycerin is generally obtained from plant and animal sources where it occurs in triglycerides, esters of glycerol with

long-chain carboxylic acids. The hydrolysis, saponification, or transesterification of these triglycerides produces

glycerin. Therefore soya beans undergo a multi-step process (bean hull removal, bean flaking and conditioning,

extraction & distillation) to extract soya oil which undergoes other additional manufacturing steps (chemical reaction,

separation step, purification phase) for the final production of crude glycerin.

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Nevertheless no genetically modified material, such as modified proteins or DNA, is expected to be detected in **Augeo CLEAN MULTI** because glycerin is obtained after several steps of extraction and purification from the plant material (soya beans). This means that this raw material (glycerin) of GMO origin is not genetically modified itself even if it comes from a crop (soya plant) that is genetically modified.

This information is given for general purpose only. It is therefore under the sole responsibility and liability of the user to determine whether or not the use of **Augeo Clean Multi** is compatible with its own application and complies with applicable national laws and regulations, including those related to GMO (authorization of GMOs for food/feed uses, authorization of food/feed containing or consisting of GMOs, authorization of food/feed produced from or containing ingredients produced from GMOs, traceability and labelling requirements).

AUGEO CLEAN MULTI - GMO

Above statement is valid for **AUGEO CLEAN MULTI** manufactured in Brazil Information given above corresponds to the current status of our knowledge March, 2021

LEGAL STATEMENT

The above information is provided for our customers only (and we accept no liability to any third parties) and reflects our current knowledge and experience of the product. All products are supplied in accordance with our general terms and conditions for sale. We can accept no liability for the effects of any chemical combinations or mixtures of the product which are carried out by our customers or third parties. In using the

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The United Kingdom (UK) has left the European Union (EU) officially on 31/01/2020, however the classification and labelling regime is still based on the existing EU regulatory regime during a transition period to provide continuity for businesses. Therefore this document is still aligned on EU standards to ensure the safe use of the substance. It will be updated as the UK publishes new classification and labelling regulation diverging from the legal framework currently applied.

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name AUGEO® CLEAN MULTI

- Chemical name Racemic mixture (+/-)-2,2-dimethyl-4-hydroxymethyl-1,3-dioxolane

CAS-No. 100-79-

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Uses of the Substance/Mixture

- Cleaning agent
- Waxes
- Stain removers and waxes removers
- Glass cleaner
- diluent and vehicle for fragrances

Remarks

- For professional and industrial installation and use only.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company

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1.4 Emergency telephone number

Nouzové telefonní číslo: +420224919293 , +420224915402 (telefon 24hod/denně) Toxikologické informační středisko, Na Bojišti 1, 128 08 Praha2)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008)

Eye irritation, Category 2 Reproductive toxicity, Category 2 H319: Causes serious eye irritation. H361d: Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

2.2 Label elements

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GB Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GB CLP)

Pictogram





Signal word

- Warning

Hazard statements

- H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

- H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Precautionary statements

Prevention

- P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

- P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection/ hearing

protection.

Response

P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.
 P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.

Disposal

- P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

2.3 Other hazards which do not result in classification

None known.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substance

- Chemical name Racemic mixture (+/-)-2,2-dimethyl-4-hydroxymethyl-1,3-dioxolane Synonyms (+/-)-2,2-dimethyl-1,3-dioxolane-4-methanol, Isopropylidene glycerol

Formula C6H12O3

Information on Components and Impurities

Chemical name	Identification number	Classification Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008	Concentrati on [%]
2,2-dimethyl-1,3-dioxolan-4-ylmethanol	CAS-No.: 100-79-8 EINECS-No.: 202-888-7	Eye irritation, Category 2 ; H319 Reproductive toxicity, Category 2 ; H361d	>= 99 - <= 100

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

3.2 Mixture

- Not applicable, this product is a substance.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice

- First aider needs to protect himself.

- Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

- Place affected clothing in a sealed bag for subsequent decontamination.

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Page 8 of 26



- When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice.

In case of inhalation

- Move to fresh air.
- Keep at rest.
- Consult a physician if necessary.

In case of skin contact

- Take off contaminated clothing and shoes immediately.
- Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water.
- Use a mild soap if available.
- If skin irritation occurs, seek medical advice/attention.

In case of eye contact

- Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes.
- Immediate medical attention is required.

In case of ingestion

- Do not induce vomiting without medical advice.
- Rinse mouth with water.
- Do not give anything to drink.
- Keep at rest.
- Consult a physician if necessary.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

- no data available

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

- no data available

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

- Extinguishing media small fires
- Water spray
- Multi-purpose powders
- Carbon dioxide (CO2)
- Alcohol Resistant Aqueous Film Forming Foam (AR-AFFF)
- Extinguishing media large fires
- Water spray
- Multi-purpose powders
- Alcohol Resistant Aqueous Film Forming Foam (AR-AFFF)

Unsuitable extinguishing media

- Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards during firefighting

- Combustible liquid.
- The pressure in sealed containers can increase under the influence of heat.
- Hazardous decomposition products formed under fire conditions.
- High concentrations of toxic or harmful products may remain in the residual liquid once the fire has been extinguished.

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Hazardous combustion products:

- Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and unburned hydrocarbons (smoke).

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment for firefighters

- Wear full protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus.
- Personal protective equipment comprising: suitable protective gloves, safety goggles and protective clothing

Specific fire fighting methods

- Stay upwind.
- Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance.
- Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.
- Cool down the containers/equipment exposed to heat with a water spray. Ensure that there is NO direct contact between the water and the product.
- Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.

Further information

- Evacuate personnel to safe areas.
- Intervention only by capable personnel who are trained and aware of the hazards of the product.
- Never approach containers which have been exposed to fire, without cooling them sufficiently.
- Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains.
- Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with local regulations.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- Avoid inhalation, ingestion and contact with skin and eyes.
- Wear chemical resistant personal protective equipment
- Wear suitable gloves.
- Wear suitable protective clothing.
- Wear as appropriate:
- Face-shield
- Tightly fitting safety goggles
- In the case of dust or aerosol formation use respirator with an approved filter.
- In the case of vapour formation use a respirator with an approved filter.
- Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so.
- Stop leak if safe to do so.
- For further information refer to section 8 "Exposure controls/personal protection".

6.2 Environmental precautions

- Take all necessary measures to avoid accidental discharge of products into drains and waterways due to the rupture of containers or transfer systems.
- Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
- Contain the spilled material by bunding.
- The product should not be allowed to enter drains, water courses or the soil.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

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- No sparking tools should be used.
- Stop leak if safe to do so.
- Dam up with sand or inert earth (do not use combustible materials).
- Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel, acid binder, universal binder).
- Shovel or sweep up.
- Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.
- Never return spills in original containers for re-use.
- Wash non-recoverable remainder with large amounts of water.
- Clean contaminated surface thoroughly.
- Recover the cleaning water for subsequent disposal.
- Decontaminate tools, equipment and personal protective equipment in a segregated area.
- Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Additional advice

- Material can create slippery conditions.

6.4 Reference to other sections

- 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE
- 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION
- 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

- Pregnant workers should not be exposed to this product.
- Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.
- Wear personal protective equipment.
- Wear suitable protective clothing.
- Avoid inhalation, ingestion and contact with skin and eyes.
- Avoid splashes.
- Avoid formation of aerosol.
- For personal protection see section 8.

Hygiene measures

- Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.
- Use clean, well-maintained personal protection equipment.
- Regular cleaning of equipment, work area and clothing.
- When using do not eat, drink or smoke.
- Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.
- Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product.
- Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
- The user is responsible for monitoring the working environment in accordance with local laws and regulations.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

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Technical measures/Storage conditions

- Take all necessary measures to avoid accidental discharge of products into drains and waterways due to the rupture of containers or transfer systems.
- Keep locked up or in an area accessible only to qualified or authorised persons.
- Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.
- Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition.
- Keep away from incompatible materials to be indicated by the manufacturer
- Keep away from: Hazardous reactions may occur on contact with certain chemicals. (Refer to the list of incompatible materials section 10: Stability-Reactivity).

Packaging material

Suitable material

- Unlined steel
- Plastic container of HDPE

7.3 Specific end use(s)

- no data available

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

- Contains no substances with occupational exposure limit values above their regulatory reporting threshold.

8.2 Exposure controls

Control measures

Engineering measures

- Effective exhaust ventilation system
- Ensure adequate ventilation.
- Extract at emission point.
- Ensure that extracted air cannot be returned to the workplace through the ventilation system.
- Avoid splashes.
- Avoid formation of aerosol.

Individual protection measures

Respiratory protection

- This should be achieved by a good general extraction and -if practically feasible- by the use of a local exhaust ventilation.
- Use a respirator with an approved filter if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

Hand protection

- Where there is a risk of contact with hands, use appropriate gloves
- Gloves must be inspected prior to use.
- Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. Also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion, and the contact time.
- Gloves should be discarded and replaced if there is any indication of degradation or chemical breakthrough.
- The selected protective gloves have to satisfy the specifications of Regulation (EU) 2016/425 and the standard EN 374 derived from it.

Eye protection

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- Tightly fitting safety goggles
- Face-shield

Skin and body protection

- Full protective suit
- Footwear protecting against chemicals
- Choose body protection according to the amount and concentration of the dangerous substance at the work place.

Hygiene measures

- Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.
- Use clean, well-maintained personal protection equipment.
- Regular cleaning of equipment, work area and clothing.
- When using do not eat, drink or smoke.
- Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.
- Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product.
- Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
- The user is responsible for monitoring the working environment in accordance with local laws and regulations.

Protective measures

- Pregnant workers should not be exposed to this product.
- Emergency equipment immediately accessible, with instructions for use.
- Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
- Selection of appropriate personal protective equipment should be based on an evaluation of the performance characteristics of the protective equipment relative to the task(s) to be performed, conditions present, duration of use, and the potential hazards and/or risks that may occur during use.
- The protective equipment must be selected in accordance with current CEN standards and in cooperation with the supplier of the protective equipment.

Environmental exposure controls

- Dam up.
- Prevent product from entering sewage system.
- Try to prevent the material from entering drains or water courses.
- Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.
- Take all necessary measures to avoid accidental discharge of products into drains and waterways due to the rupture of containers or transfer systems.
- Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
- Contain the spilled material by bunding.
- The product should not be allowed to enter drains, water courses or the soil.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

<u>Physical state</u> liquid

<u>Colour</u> colourless

<u>Odour</u> slight

Odour Threshold No data available

Melting point/freezing point Freezing point: -99 °C

<u>Initial boiling point and boiling range</u> Boiling point/boiling range: 183 - 191 °C (1,013.25 hPa)

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Flammability (solid, gas) No data available

Flammability (liquids) No data available

Flammability/Explosive limit No data available

Flash point 91 °C closed cup

100 °C open cup

<u>Auto-ignition temperature</u> No data available

Decomposition temperature No data available

pH Not applicable

<u>Viscosity</u>, <u>dynamic</u>: 11 mPa.s (20 °C)

Solubility: Water solubility:

(20 °C)completely soluble

Solubility in other solvents:

Alcohol: miscible

Esters: miscible

Ether: miscible

Aromatic hydrocarbons: miscible

petroleum ether.: miscible

petrol: miscible

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water No data available

Vapour pressure 0.05 hPa (20 °C)

Density 1.069 g/cm3 (20 °C)

Relative density 1.069 (20 °C)

Relative vapor density 2.6

<u>Particle characteristics</u> No data available

Evaporation rate (Butylacetate = 1) 0.027

9.2 Other information

Self-ignition 390 °C (1,013 hPa)

Method: EU Test Guideline A15

<u>Surface tension</u> 33.5 mN/m (20 °C)

Molecular weight 132.16 g/mol

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

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- Stable at normal ambient temperature and pressure.

10.2 Chemical stability

- Stable under recommended storage conditions.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

- No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

- Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition.
- Avoid high temperatures.
- Avoid excessive heat for prolonged periods of time.

10.5 Incompatible materials

- Strong oxidizing agents
- Strong acids
- On contact with acid releases:
- Acetone

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

- On combustion or on thermal decomposition (pyrolysis) releases:
- Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and unburned hydrocarbons (smoke).

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Acute oral toxicity

2,2-dimethyl-1,3-dioxolan-4-ylmethanol LD50

LD50: 7,000 mg/kg - Rat

Not classified as hazardous for acute oral toxicity according to GHS.

Published data

Acute inhalation toxicity

2,2-dimethyl-1,3-dioxolan-4-ylmethanol

LC50 - 4 h (aerosol): > 5.11 mg/l - Rat , male and female

Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

Not classified as hazardous for acute inhalation toxicity according to GHS.

No mortality observed at this concentration.

Unpublished reports

Acute dermal toxicity

2,2-dimethyl-1,3-dioxolan-4-ylmethanol

LD50: 2,000 mg/kg - Rat, male and female

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Not classified as hazardous for acute dermal toxicity according to GHS.

Semiocclusive

No mortality observed at this dose.

Unpublished reports

Acute toxicity (other routes of

administration)

No data available

Skin corrosion/irritation

2,2-dimethyl-1,3-dioxolan-4-ylmethanol

Rabbit

No skin irritation

Method: OECD Test Guideline 404

Semiocclusive Unpublished reports

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Page 15 of 26



Serious eye damage/eye irritation

2,2-dimethyl-1,3-dioxolan-4-ylmethanol Rabbit

Causes serious eye irritation.
Method: OECD Test Guideline 405

Unpublished reports

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

2,2-dimethyl-1,3-dioxolan-4-ylmethanol Maximisation Test - Guinea pig

Responding animals in GPMT < 30% Method: OECD Test Guideline 406

Unpublished reports

Mutagenicity

Genotoxicity in vitro

2,2-dimethyl-1,3-dioxolan-4-ylmethanol Ame

Ames test

with and without metabolic activation

negative

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Unpublished reports

Gene mutation assays in mammalian cells.

Strain: mouse lymphoma cells with and without metabolic activation

negative

Method: OECD Test Guideline 490

Unpublished reports

Genotoxicity in vivo

2,2-dimethyl-1,3-dioxolan-4-ylmethanol

In vivo micronucleus test - Mouse

male

Intraperitoneal route

Method: OECD Test Guideline 474

negative

Unpublished reports

<u>Carcinogenicity</u>

No data available

Toxicity for reproduction and development

Toxicity to reproduction/Fertility

2,2-dimethyl-1,3-dioxolan-4-ylmethanol

Reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test - Rat, male and female, Oral

General Toxicity - Parent NOAEL: 1,000 mg/kg bw/day

Fertility NOEL: 1,000 mg/kg bw/day

General Toxicity F1 NOEL: 1,000 mg/kg bw/day

OECD Test Guideline 422

Gavage, Highest dose tested, no impairment of fertility has been observed,

Unpublished reports

Developmental Toxicity/Teratogenicity

2,2-dimethyl-1,3-dioxolan-4-ylmethanol

Pre-natal - Rabbit, female, Oral

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General Toxicity Maternal NOAEL: 300 mg/kg bw/day

Developmental Toxicity NOAEL F1: 300 mg/kg bw/day

Method: OECD Test Guideline 414

Gavage, Teratogenic effects have been observed, Unpublished internal reports

STOT

STOT - single exposure

2,2-dimethyl-1,3-dioxolan-4-ylmethanol The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target organ toxicant, single

exposure according to GHS criteria.

internal evaluation

STOT - repeated exposure

2,2-dimethyl-1,3-dioxolan-4-ylmethanol The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target organ toxicant,

repeated exposure according to GHS criteria.

internal evaluation

2,2-dimethyl-1,3-dioxolan-4-ylmethanol Oral 5 Weeks - Rat , male and female

NOAEL: 1000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 422

Gavage

Highest dose tested

No systemic toxicity observed.

Unpublished reports

Inhalation (aerosol) 90-day - Rat, male and female

NOAEC: > 5 mg/l

Method: OECD Test Guideline 413

Highest dose tested

No significant adverse effects were reported

Unpublished reports

Experience with human exposure No data available

CMR effects

Teratogenicity

2,2-dimethyl-1,3-dioxolan-4-ylmethanol Classified as toxic for the reproduction in Category 2 (development) according to

GHS criteria

Aspiration toxicity No data available

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Aquatic Compartment

Acute toxicity to fish

2,2-dimethyl-1,3-dioxolan-4-ylmethanol LC50 - 96 h: 16,700 mg/l - Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)

flow-through test

Analytical monitoring: yes

Method: according to a standardised method Not harmful to fish (LC/LL50 > 100 mg/L)

Published data

Acute toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates

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Page 17 of 26



2,2-dimethyl-1,3-dioxolan-4-ylmethanol

EC50 - 48 h : > 96 mg/l - Daphnia magna (Water flea)

static test

Analytical monitoring: yes

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Not harmful to aquatic invertebrates. (EC/EL50 > 100 mg/L)

Highest concentration tested

Unpublished reports

EC50 - 48 h: 4,600 mg/l - Daphnia magna (Water flea)

static test

Analytical monitoring: yes

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Not harmful to aquatic invertebrates. (EC/EL50 > 100 mg/L)

Unpublished reports

Toxicity to aquatic plants

2,2-dimethyl-1,3-dioxolan-4-ylmethanol ErC50 - 72 h : > 92 mg/l - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)

static test

Analytical monitoring: yes End point: Growth rate

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Not harmful to algae (EC/EL50 > 100 mg/L)

Highest concentration tested

Unpublished reports

NOEC - 72 h : 92 mg/l - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)

static test

Analytical monitoring: yes End point: Growth rate

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

No adverse chronic effect observed up to and including the threshold of 1 mg/L.

Highest concentration tested

Unpublished reports

ErC50 - 72 h: 15,000 mg/l - Raphidocelis subcapitata (freshwater green alga)

static test

End point: Growth rate

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Not harmful to algae (EC/EL50 > 100 mg/L)

Unpublished reports

NOEC - 72 h : 940 mg/l - Raphidocelis subcapitata (freshwater green alga)

static test

End point: Growth rate

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

No adverse chronic effect observed up to and including the threshold of 1 mg/L.

Unpublished reports

Toxicity to microorganisms

2,2-dimethyl-1,3-dioxolan-4-ylmethanol -

- 3 h : - activated sludge

static test

End point: Respiration inhibition

EC50: > 1,000 mg/l

EC10: > 1,000 mg/l

Analytical monitoring: no

Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

Unpublished reports

Chronic toxicity to fish

No data available

Chronic toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates

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Page 18 of 26



2,2-dimethyl-1,3-dioxolan-4-ylmethanol

NOEC: 10 mg/l - 21 Days - Daphnia magna (Water flea)

semi-static test

Analytical monitoring: yes End point: Reproduction

Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

No adverse chronic effect observed up to and including the threshold of 1 mg/L.

Unpublished reports

Terrestrial Compartment

Toxicity to soil dwelling organisms

2,2-dimethyl-1,3-dioxolan-4-ylmethanol

NOEC: 250 mg/kg - 56 Days - Eisenia fetida (earthworms)

End point: Reproduction

Method: OECD Test Guideline 222

Unpublished reports

EC10: 1,250 mg/kg - 28 Days - soil micro-organisms

End point: Nitrogen transformation Method: OECD Test Guideline 216

Unpublished reports

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Abiotic degradation

Stability in water

2,2-dimethyl-1,3-dioxolan-4-ylmethanol

DT50: Hydrolysis pH: 4.0

Temperature of hydrolysis: 15 °C Hydrolysis time: 6.59 Days

Temperature of hydrolysis: 20 °C Hydrolysis time: 3.51 Days

Temperature of hydrolysis: 25 °C Hydrolysis time: 0.959 Days

Method: OECD Test Guideline 111

Unpublished reports

Physical- and photo-chemical elimination

No data available

Biodegradation

Biodegradability

2,2-dimethyl-1,3-dioxolan-4-ylmethanol

Ready biodegradability study:

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301 D

4 % - 28 Days

The substance does not fulfill the criteria for ready biodegradability and ultimate

aerobic biodegradability Theoretical oxygen demand Inoculum: activated sludge Unpublished reports

Inherent biodegradability study Method: OECD Test Guideline 302 B

25 % - 28 Days

The substance fulfills the criteria for inherent primary biodegradability

Dissolved organic carbon (DOC) Inoculum: activated sludge Unpublished internal reports

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Page 19 of 26



Degradability assessment

2,2-dimethyl-1,3-dioxolan-4-ylmethanol The product is not considered to be rapidly degradable in the environment

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water

2,2-dimethyl-1,3-dioxolan-4-

ylmethanol

Due to the distribution coefficient n-octanol/water, accumulation in organisms is

not expected.

Bioconcentration factor (BCF) No data available

12.4 Mobility in soil

Adsorption potential (Koc)

2,2-dimethyl-1,3-dioxolan-4-ylmethanol

Adsorption/Soil Log Koc: < 1.25

Method: OECD Test Guideline 121

Highly mobile in soils Unpublished reports

Known distribution to environmental

compartments

No data available

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

2,2-dimethyl-1,3-dioxolan-4-ylmethanol

This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating and toxic

(PBT)

This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulating

(vPvB).

12.6 Other adverse effects

Ecotoxicity assessment

Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard

2,2-dimethyl-1,3-dioxolan-4-ylmethanol Not harmful to aquatic life (LC/LL50, EC/EL50 > 100 mg/L)

Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard

2,2-dimethyl-1,3-dioxolan-4-ylmethanol No adverse chronic effect observed up to and including the threshold of 1 mg/L.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product Disposal

Prohibition

- Do not discharge directly into the environment.
- Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Advice on cleaning and disposal of packaging

Prohibition

- Do NOT dispose of untreated packaging with industrial waste.
- Do not dispose of with domestic refuse.
- Empty remaining contents.
- Clean using steam.
- Monitor the residual vapours.
- Dispose of rinse water in accordance with local and national regulations.

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Page 20 of 26



- Containers that cannot be cleaned must be treated as waste.
- Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.
- Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
- Where possible recycling is preferred to disposal or incineration.
- The recycled material must be completely dry and free of pollutants.

SECTION 14: Transport information

ADN/ADNR

not regulated

<u>ADR</u>

not regulated

RID

not regulated

IMDG

not regulated

IATA

not regulated

Note: The above regulatory prescriptions are those valid on the date of publication of this sheet. Given the possible evolution of transport regulations for hazardous materials, it would be advisable to check their validity with your sales office.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Notification status

Inventory Information	Status	
United States TSCA Inventory	All substances listed as active on the TSCA inventory	
Canadian Domestic Substances List (DSL)	- Listed on Inventory	
Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals (AIIC)	- Listed on Inventory	
Japan. CSCL - Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances	- Listed on Inventory	
Korea. Korean Existing Chemicals Inventory (KECI)	- Listed on Inventory	
China. Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	- Listed on Inventory	
Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	- Listed on Inventory	
Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory (TCSI)	- Listed on Inventory	
New Zealand. Inventory of Chemical Substances	All components are listed on the NZIoC inventory. Additional HSNO obligations may apply. Please refer to Section 15 of SDS for New Zealand.	
EU. European Registration, Evaluation, Authorization and Restriction of Chemical (REACH)	When purchased from a Solvay legal entity based in the EEA (""European" "Economic Area""), this product is	

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	compliant with the registration" provisions of the REACH Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 as all its components are either excluded, exempt, and/or registered. When purchased from a legal entity outside of the EEA, please contact your local representative for additional information.
Korea. Act on Registration and Evaluation of Chemicals	- When purchased from a Solvay legal entity based in Korea, this product is compliant with "Act on Registration and Evaluation of Chemicals" (AREC or K-REACH, Article 10) as all its components are either excluded, exempt, and/or (pre)registered. When purchased from a legal entity outside of Korea, please contact your local representative for additional information.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

- no data available

SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3.

- H319: Causes serious eye irritation.
- H361d: Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Key or legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet

- ADR: European Agreement on International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.
- ADN: European Agreement on the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways.
- RID: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail.
- IATA: International Air Transport Association.
- ICAO-TI: Technical Instructions for Safe Transport of Dangerous Goods by Air.
- IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods.
- TWA: Time weighted average
- ATE: Estimated value of acute toxicity
- EC: European Community number
- CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service.
- LD50: Substance that causes 50% (half) death in the test animals group (Median Fatal Dose).
- LC50: Substance concentration causing 50% (half) death in the test animals group.
- EC50: Effective Concentration of the substance causing the maximum of 50%.
- PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance.
- vPvB: Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative.
- GHS/CLP/SEA: Classification, labeling, packaging regulation
- DNEL: Derived No Effect Level
- PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration
- STOT: Specific Target Organ Toxicity

Not all acronyms listed above are referenced in this SDS.

Further information

- Distribute new edition to clients

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The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. Such information is only given as a guidance to help the user handle, use, process, store, transport, dispose and release the product in satisfactory safety conditions and is not to be considered as a warranty or quality specification. It should be used in conjunction with technical sheets but do not replace them. Thus, the information only relates to the designated specific product and may not be applicable if such product is used in combination with other materials or in any other manufacturing process, unless otherwise specifically indicated. It does not release the user from ensuring he is in conformity with all regulations linked to its activity.



Annex<u>:</u> 160





Augeo Clean Mulli

REFERENCE

UQP-2-SOL-FP-099 version: 08 May 2019

IDENTIFICATION

CAS NUMBER: 100-79-8

INCI Isopropylideneglycerol

HC \

STRUCTURAL FORMULA:

H₃C O

MOLECULAR FORMULA: C₆H₁₂O₃ MOLECULAR WEIGHT: 132.16

SYNONYMS

Di-Isopropylidene Glycerol; 2,2-Dimethyl-4-Hydroxymethyl-1,3-Dioxolane; 2,2-Dimethyl-1,3-Dioxolane-4-Methanol.

SPECIFICATIONS

DETERMINATIONS	LIMITS	SOLVAY METHOD	REFERENCE DOCUMENT
APPEARANCE	Clear Liquid	NA – 0199	ASTM D-2090
PURITY*, (wt.%), MIN.	99.50	NA – 1759	SOLVAY
SPECIFIC GRAVITY 20/20°C	1.067 – 1.071	NA – 0497	ASTM D-4052
COLOR, (Pt-Co), MAX	10.0	NA – 1726	ASTM D-1209
ACIDTY AS ACETIC ACID, (wt.%), MAX.	0.02	NA – 0433	ASTM D-1613
WATER, (wt.%), MAX	0.10	NA – 1760	ASTM D-1364

^{*} Purity: Di-Isopropylidene Glycerol + Isomer (2,2-Dimethyl-5-Hydroxy-1,3-Dioxane; typical content: 1.4%)

GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS

AUGEO CLEAN MULTI is a colorless and clear liquid, non-corrosive, low volatility and low toxicity, slight odor. It is miscible in common organic solvents and water.

MAIN APPLICATIONS

AUGEO CLEAN MULTI is a solvent from a renewable source developed for surface care segment into homecare and industrial & institutional markets, the main applications are multipurpose cleaners, waxes, polishes and polish removers, degreasers, glass cleaners and specialty cleaners. It is also applied as a diluent and carrier for fragrance and in the personal care segment.

AUGEO CLEAN MULTI is a Ketal and presents good stability in neutral and alkaline pH, in aqueous and non-aqueous solutions at any temperature.

However, it cannot be manipulated in acid step of process in presence of water or in acidic aqueous formulations, because it can degrade under these conditions.

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Augeo Clean muin

PHYSICAL PROPERTIES

•	Boiling range at 760 mmHg (°C)		183 - 191
•	Freezing point (°C)		-99.0
•	Liquid density 20/20°C		1.069
•	Solubility at 20°C	In water	Complete
		Water in	Complete
•	Kauri-butanol value		>500
•	Evaporation rate (n-butyl acetate = 100)		2.7
•	MIR ⁽¹⁾ (Maximum Incremental Reactivity)	g O₃ /g VOC	2.01
•	Flash point (°C)	Closed cup	91.0
		Open cup	100.0

(1)- Potential ozone formation catalyzed by sunlight

Viscosity at 20°C (cPs)

SHELF LIFE

The expiration date is 18 months from the manufacture date, defined through laboratories studies. External factors may influence in the date described. **Solvay** is not responsible for the observance of the necessary conditions to the maintenance of the expiration date after the delivery of the product to the acquirer.

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TRANSPORT, STORAGE AND SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

Please consult our "Safety Data Sheet".

The information contained in this document is supplied in good faith. However it is purely given as an indication. It shall not be considered in any way as a formal commitment or warranty on our part, notably in respect of the possible infringement of any rights of third parties which may be caused through use of our product.

TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE

The technical staff of **Solvay** is at your disposal to give more information about this product. This specialized staff works with a technically advanced laboratory for the development of solvent systems.

All the information contained in this document is supplied in good faith and is based in our current knowledge. They are only indicative and do not in any way, configure responsibility for infractions or damages to third persons due to the use of our products. We guarantee that our products fully comply with our commercial specifications

This information does not have to be used as a replacement to the necessary previous tests in order to assure that the product is adjusted for the intended application. The users are responsible for assuring the fulfillment of the local laws and for the certificates and authorizations required. We request the users to verify if they have the latest available version of this document and we are pleased to deliver additional information whenever needed.

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